

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Hawkins, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawkins, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawkins, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hawkins, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hawkins, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hawkins, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hawkins, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, budgetary comparison information on page 57, and the Texas Municipal Retirement System schedules on pages 58 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 21, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Hawkins, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hawkins, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hawkins, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

David K. Godwin, CPA, PLLC

Tyler, Texas August 21, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

*Mayor*Susan Hubbard

## City of Hawkins P. O. Box 329 Hawkins, Texas 75765 (903) 769-2224

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

The Management Discussion and Analysis of the City of Hawkins's (City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read in conjunction with the City's financial statements which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Mayor and Council**

Susan Hubbard *Mayor* 

Charles Richoz *Alderman, Place 1* 

Clara Kay

Mayor Pro Tem

Alderman, Place 2

Eric Maloy *Alderman, Place 3* 

Eleta Taylor

Alderman, Place 4

Greg Branson

Alderman, Place 5

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,820,049 (Net Position). Of this amount, \$2,293,624 (Unrestricted Net Position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$944,386.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,410,817. Of this amount, \$1,155,457 is unassigned and available for use within the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,155,457, or 111.23% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City's outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$167,970.
- The Hawkins Community Development Corporation's total net position increased by \$102,036.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City's annual report consists of a series of financial statements, notes to those statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are Government-Wide Financial Statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Statements.
  - The Governmental Funds Statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary Fund Statements offer financial information about the internal service fund used to report activities that provide services to organizations within the City.

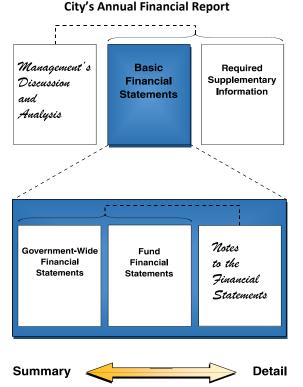


Figure A-1 Required Components of the

The basic financial statements include notes that explain information contained within the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 (above) shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 (next page) summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

FIGURE A-2 MAJOR FEATURES OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS									
Type of Statement	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds						
Scope	Entire City's (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses.						
	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position						
Required financial statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	• Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position						
			Statement of cash flows						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term						
Type of flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The Government-Wide Statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Government-Wide Statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements of the City include the governmental activities. The City's basic activities include general government, municipal court, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, and parks and recreation. Taxes, fines & forfeitures, and garbage service fees finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices used by the City to track specific sources and uses of funding for specified activities.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has two types of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the year-end balances that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine the level of financial resources that can be spent in the near term to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-Wide Statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the Governmental Fund Statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the Government-Wide Statements, provide both longterm and short-term financial information.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,820,049 as of September 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the City's net position, 42%, or \$3,271,065, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, vehicles, improvements, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used in acquiring those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to repay these liabilities.

#### CITY OF HAWKINS'S NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,986,656	\$ 4,274,017	\$ 943,472	\$ 370,247	\$ 4,930,128	\$ 4,644,264		
Capital Assets	2,741,350	2,877,006	3,712,188	2,941,730	6,453,538	5,818,736		
Total Assets	6,728,006	7,151,023	4,655,660	3,311,977	11,383,666	10,463,000		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	43,922	21,773	34,288	13,084	78,210	34,857		
Current Liabilities	232,306	318,718	98,549	113,368	330,855	432,086		
Non-Current Liabilities	3,010,994	3,031,559	37,619	21,138	3,048,613	3,052,697		
Total Liabilities	3,243,300	3,350,277	136,168	134,506	3,379,468	3,484,783		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	131,861	68,025	130,498	69,386	262,359	137,411		
Net Position:								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
Net of Related Debt	(441,123)	(445,001)	3,712,188	2,941,732	3,271,065	2,496,731		
Restricted	2,255,360	3,073,693	-	-	2,255,360	3,073,693		
Unrestricted	1,582,530	1,125,802	711,094	179,437	2,293,624	1,305,239		
Total Net Position	\$ 3,396,767	\$ 3,754,494	\$ 4,423,282	\$ 3,121,169	\$ 7,820,049	\$ 6,875,663		

A portion of net position, \$2,085, is held for continuing education under the Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education (LEOSE) fund, in addition to \$202,638 held for retirement of long-term debt and \$2,050,637 restricted for capital improvements. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$2,293,624, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of September 30, 2022, the City is able to report positive balances in all two categories of net position for the government as a whole, and all three categories for its business-type activities. In the prior fiscal year, the City also reported overall positive balances in all two categories of net position and all three categories for its business-type activities.

Analysis of the City's Operations - Overall the City had an increase in net position of \$944,386.

<u>Governmental Activities</u>: Net position for the governmental activities decreased by \$357,727. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased by \$3,878 due to capital asset acquisitions and construction being less than depreciation expenses and liquidation of long-term debt. The remaining change in net position is due to higher-than-expected revenues.

Total revenues for the governmental activities increased from the previous year by \$100,731, primarily due to higher-than-expected collections of fines and forfeitures during the current year. General revenue decreased \$17,014 during 2022, primarily due to larger grant collections in the previous year.

<u>Business-type Activities</u>: Net position from business-type activities increased by \$1,302,113. This increase was primarily due to interfund transfers for expenditures supporting the water and sewer rehabilitation along with operating activities of the City's water and sewer utilities.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### CITY OF HAWKINS'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 275,482	\$ 157,737	\$ 988,019	\$ 929,973	\$ 1,263,501	\$ 1,087,710		
General Revenues:								
Taxes	1,272,462	1,244,687	-	-	1,272,462	1,244,687		
Grant	265,264	306,568	205,529	-	470,793	306,568		
Miscellaneous	8,305	11,790	2,555		10,860	11,790		
Total Revenues	1,821,513	1,720,782	1,196,103	929,973	3,017,616	2,650,755		
Expenses:								
General Government	1,257,600	1,085,788	-	-	1,257,600	1,085,788		
Water and Sewer			926,226	1,431,668	926,226	1,431,668		
Total Expenses	1,257,600	1,085,788	926,226	1,431,668	2,183,826	2,517,456		
Increase (Decrease) in Total Revenues	563,913	634,994	269,877	(501,695)	833,790	133,299		
NONOPERATING								
REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest Income	64,542	6,742	46,054		110,596	6,742		
Total Non-operating Expense	64,542	6,742	46,054		110,596	6,742		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	986,182	588,028	986,182	588,028		
Operating Transfers to Other Funds	(986,182)	(588,028)			(986,182)	(588,028)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(986,182)	(588,028)	986,182	588,028				
Change in Net Position	(357,727)	53,708	1,302,113	86,333	944,386	140,041		
Net Position – Beginning	3,754,494	5,613,863	3,121,169	3,078,548	6,875,663	8,692,411		
Net Position – Restatement		(1,913,077)		(43,712)		(1,956,789)		
Net Position – Ending	\$ 3,396,767	\$ 3,754,494	\$ 4,423,282	\$ 3,121,169	\$ 7,820,049	\$ 6,875,663		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,410,817; of this total amount, \$1,155,457, constitutes a surplus in unassigned fund balance.

Proprietary funds – The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In the general fund, the City's original budget planned for an increase in the fund balance on a budget basis. The City did not pass any budget amendments during the fiscal year ending 2022.

Actual revenues in all categories were higher than the final budgeted amounts by a total of \$269,606. Actual expenditures not including transfers were lower than final budgeted amounts by a total of \$1,863.

After considering operating transfers, the City had an unfavorable variance of \$2,967,033 where transfers were made to establish a capital projects fund for tracking bond expenditures supporting the street improvement project, along with the water and sewer rehabilitation. Additional transfers were made to support ongoing operating activities of the City's water and sewer utilities; these expenditures were paid from the general funds unassigned fund balance.

Additional information on the City's General Fund budgetary data can be found in Exhibit 10 on page 57 of this report.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to a deficit \$441,123 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, improvements, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$634,802, or 9.84% and is due to capital asset acquisitions exceeding depreciation expenditures.

Major capital asset additions during fiscal year 2022 included \$620,114 for construction and rehabilitation of the water and sewer system, and \$428,017 for completed utility system improvements.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 185,891	\$ 185,891	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,891	\$ 185,891		
Building	748,580	725,261	5,530	5,530	754,110	730,791		
Machinery and Equipment	293,202	278,696	42,874	42,874	336,076	321,570		
Vehicles	1,085,427	1,085,427	102,126	102,126	1,187,553	1,187,553		
Water and Sewer System	-	-	9,007,879	8,579,862	9,007,879	8,579,862		
Infrastructure	4,508,896	4,508,896	-	-	4,508,896	4,508,896		
Construction in Progress	13,400	-	859,326	331,067	872,726	331,067		
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,094,046)	(3,907,165)	(6,305,547)	(6,119,729)	(10,399,593)	(10,026,894)		
Total	\$ 2,741,350	\$ 2,877,006	\$ 3,712,188	\$ 2,941,730	\$ 6,453,538	\$ 5,818,736		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 2 on pages 38 and 39 in the notes of this report.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The City had total debt and other long-term liabilities of \$3,199,446 as of September 30, 2022. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City did not issue or incur additional debt.

#### **OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END**

	Governmental Activiti	ies Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022 202	21 2022	2021	2022	2021		
Certificates of Obligation Notes Payable Net OPEB Liability	77,382 1	00,000 \$ - 22,007 - 24,271 23,904	\$ - - 21,138	\$ 3,071,000 77,382 51,064	\$ 3,200,000 122,007 45,409		
Total	\$ 3,175,542 \$ 3,3	46,278 \$ 23,904	\$ 21,138	\$ 3,199,446	\$ 3,367,416		

During the fiscal year, the City's long-term debt decreased by \$167,970, or 5.25%. The decrease was primarily due to the following:

- Annual debt principal payments made on Certificates of Obligation.
- Annual debt principal payments made on notes payable.

Additional information on the City's long term-debt can be found in Note 2 on pages 40 and 41 in the notes of this report.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the City of Hawkins, Attn: City Secretary at P.O. Box 329, Hawkins, Texas 75765.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

Government-Wide Financial Statements

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		COMPONENT UNIT			
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	-		
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	HCDC	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 982,188	\$ 549,618	\$ 1,531,806	\$ 500,462	
Investments	128,315	-	128,315	13,004	
Receivables (net of allowances):	364,935	80,740	445,675	28,782	
Restricted cash	2,255,360	82,550	2,337,910	-	
Net pension asset	255,858	230,564	486,422	-	
Capital assets:					
Land and other non-depreciated assets	199,291	859,326	1,058,617	-	
Other capital assets - net of depreciation	2,542,059	2,852,862	5,394,921		
Total Assets	6,728,006	4,655,660	11,383,666	542,248	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows from pensions	38,824	31,163	69,987	-	
Deferred outflows from OPEB	5,098	3,125	8,223		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	43,922	34,288	78,210		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	28,851	15,999	44,850	-	
Accrued interest	34,091	-	34,091	-	
Customer deposits	-	82,550	82,550	-	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	169,364	-	169,364	-	
Due in more than one year	3,010,994	37,619	3,048,613		
Total Liabilities	3,243,300	136,168	3,379,468		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows from pensions	131,861	130,498	262,359		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	131,861	130,498	262,359		
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	(441,123)	3,712,188	3,271,065	-	
Restricted for retirement of long-term debt	202,638	-	202,638	-	
Restricted for capital improvements	2,050,637	-	2,050,637	-	
Restricted for public safety	2,085	-	2,085	-	
Unrestricted	1,582,530	711,094	2,293,624	542,248	
Total Net Position	\$ 3,396,767	\$ 4,423,282	\$ 7,820,049	\$ 542,248	

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		PROGRAM REVENUES OPERATING			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION				COMPONENT UNIT
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	GRAN	NTS AND RIBUTIONS	GOVERNMEN ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	HCDC
Primary government:					•				
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 395,512	\$ 4,639	\$	166,986	\$ (223,	,887)	\$ -	\$ (223,887)	
Municipal court	29,726	200,634		-	170,	,908	-	170,908	
Public safety	359,382	-		8,485	(350,		-	(350,897)	
Fire and rescue	113,577	65,574		20,000	(28,	,003)	-	(28,003)	
Highways and streets	161,378	-		-		,378)	-	(161,378)	
Library	136,137	-		69,793	(66,	,344)	-	(66,344)	
Parks and recreation	45,737	355		-	(45,	,382)	-	(45,382)	
Community center	7,487	4,280		-	(3,	,207)	-	(3,207)	
Animal shelter	8,664			-	(8,	,664)		(8,664)	
Total governmental activities	1,257,600	275,482		265,264	(716,	,854)		(716,854)	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	926,226	988,019		205,529		-	267,322	267,322	
Total business-type activities	926,226	988,019		205,529			267,322	267,322	
Total primary government	\$ 2,183,826	\$ 1,263,501	\$	470,793	(716,	,854)	267,322	(449,532)	
Component unit:									
Hawkins Community Development Corporation	\$ 46,175	\$ -	\$						\$ (46,175)
Total component unit	\$ 46,175	\$ -	\$						(46,175)
	General revenues:								
	Sales taxes				299,	,293	-	299,293	147,718
	Property taxes				923,	,662	-	923,662	-
	Franchise taxes				43,	,541	-	43,541	-
	Hotel taxes				5,	,966	-	5,966	-
	Investment earn	ings			64,	,542	46,054	110,596	493
	Miscellaneous lo	ocal and intermediate i	revenue		8,	,305	2,555	10,860	-
	Transfers				(986,		986,182		
	Total gener	al revenues and transf	fers		359,	,127	1,034,791	1,393,918	148,211
	Change in net position	on			(357,	,727)	1,302,113	944,386	102,036
	Net position - begini	ning, as restated			3,754,	,494	3,121,169	6,875,663	440,212
	Net position - ending	3			\$ 3,396,	,767	\$ 4,423,282	\$ 7,820,049	\$ 542,248

### **Fund Financial Statements**

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	MAJOR FUNDS								TOTAL		
	·		DEBT		CAPITAL				GOVERNMENTAL		
		GENERAL		SERVICE	PROJECTS		GRANT		FUNDS		
ASSETS											
Cash	\$	982,188	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	982,188	
Investments		128,315		-		-		-		128,315	
Receivables (net of allowances):											
Sales taxes		58,586		-		-		-		58,586	
Property taxes		119,018		-		-		-		119,018	
Franchise taxes		5,560		-		-		-		5,560	
Fines and forfeitures		172,112		-		-		-		172,112	
Other		9,659		-		-		-		9,659	
Restricted cash		2,085		202,638		2,050,637				2,255,360	
Total assets	\$	1,477,523	\$	202,638	\$	2,050,637	\$		\$	3,730,798	
LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	46.003	ć				ć		<u> </u>	46.003	
Accounts payable	\$	16,993	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,993	
Accrued liabilities		11,858								11,858	
Total liabilities		28,851						<u> </u>		28,851	
DEFERRED INFLOWS (OF RESOURCES)											
Property taxes		119,018		-		-		-		119,018	
Fines, forfeitures, and warrants		172,112								172,112	
Total deferred inflows		291,130						<u>-</u>		291,130	
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted:											
Retirement of long-term debt		-		202,638		-		-		202,638	
Capital improvements		-		-		2,050,637		-		2,050,637	
Public safety		2,085		-		-		-		2,085	
Unassigned		1,155,457						-		1,155,457	
Total fund balances		1,157,542		202,638		2,050,637				3,410,817	
Total liabilities, deferred											
inflows and fund balances	\$	1,477,523	\$	202,638	\$	2,050,637	\$		\$	3,730,798	

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 3,410,817
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet.	2,741,350
Long-term pension liability, which is based on GASB 68 reporting requirements, is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:	
Net pension asset	255,858
Deferred outflows, related to pension	38,824
Deferred inflows, related to pension	(131,861)
Long-term OPEB liability, which is based on GASB 75 reporting requirements, is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:	
Net OPEB liability	(27,160)
Deferred outflows, related to OPEB	5,098
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet.	(3,187,289)
Outstanding fines, forfeitures and warrants are a long-term asset and not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore is deferred in the funds.	172,112
Delinquent property taxes receivable is a long-term asset and not available to pay for	
current period expenditures and therefore is deferred in the funds.	119,018
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,396,767

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	MAJOR FUNDS					TOTAL				
			DEBT CAPITAL			GOVERNMENTAL				
		GENERAL		SERVICE		PROJECTS GRANT		FUNDS		
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Sales	\$	299,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	299,293
Property		770,032		111,327		-		-		881,359
Franchise		43,541		-		-		-		43,541
Hotel		5,966		-		-		-		5,966
Fines and forfeitures		169,618		-		-		-		169,618
Charges for services		60,624		-		-		-		60,624
Facility rental		9,585		-		-		-		9,585
Licenses and permits		4,639		-		-		-		4,639
Interest income		2,636		89		14,008		-		16,733
Grants and contributions		29,180		-		-		236,084		265,264
Miscellaneous		8,305								8,305
Total revenues		1,403,419		111,416		14,008		236,084		1,764,927
EXPENDITURES										
General government		328,734		-		-		-		328,734
Municipal court		42,893		-		-		-		42,893
Public safety		319,016		-		-		-		319,016
Fire and rescue		102,887		-		-		-		102,887
Highways and streets		79,450		-		-		-		79,450
Library		127,124		-		-		-		127,124
Parks and recreation		24,113		-		-		-		24,113
Community center		5,881		-		-		-		5,881
Animal shelter		8,664		-		-		-		8,664
Debt service		-		245,579		-		-		245,579
Capital outlay				<u>-</u>		13,400				13,400
Total expenditures		1,038,762		245,579		13,400		<u> </u>		1,297,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		364,657		(134,163)		608		236,084		467,186
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfers from other funds		-		166,906		2,050,029		-		2,216,935
Operating transfers to other funds		(2,967,033)		-		-		(236,084)		(3,203,117)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,967,033)		166,906		2,050,029		(236,084)		(986,182)
Net change in fund balances		(2,602,376)		32,743		2,050,637		-		(518,996)
Fund balances - beginning of year		3,759,918		169,895	_			-		3,929,813
Fund balances - end of year	\$	1,157,542	\$	202,638	\$	2,050,637	\$	_	\$	3,410,817

#### **CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS**

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (518,996)
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(186,881)
Net delinquent property tax collections provide current financial resources to the funds (but has no effect on net assets).	42,303
The portion of fines, forfeitures and warrants receivable which are measurable and available are recognized as revenue in the funds. The remainder of the receivables are deferred and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental activities.	31,016
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
GASB 75 Other post employment benefit adjustments	(3,117)
Decreases in long-term liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
GASB 68 Pension adjustments Compensated absences Accrued interest	47,809 3,381 1,910
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide statement of activities.	51,225
Repayments of loan principal consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds which report the effect as an expenditure, however, there is no expense on the statement of activities.	 173,623
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (357,727)

# CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND

	2111211111102110111
ASSETS	WATER & SEWER
Current assets:	·
Cash	\$ 549,618
Accounts receivable (net)	80,740_
Total current assets	630,358
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash	82,550
Net pension asset	230,564
Capital assets:	230,304
Construction in progress	859,326
Water and sewer system infrastructure	9,007,879
Buildings	5,530
Machinery and equipment	42,874
Vehicles	102,126
Less: accumulated depreciation	(6,305,547)
2003. decamataca depresation	(0,303,317)
Total noncurrent assets	4,025,302
Total assets	4,655,660
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS (OF RESOURCES)	
Deferred outflows from pensions	31,163
Deferred outflows from OPEB	3,125
	<u> </u>
Total deferred outflows	34,288
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	13,564
Accrued liabilities	2,435
Customer deposits	82,550
Total current liabilities	98,549
Non-current liabilities:	
OPEB liability	23,904
Compensated absences	13,715
Total liabilities	136,168
	<del> </del>
DEFERRED INFLOWS (OF RESOURCES)	
Deferred inflows from pensions	130,498
Total deferred inflows	130,498
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	3,712,188
Unrestricted	711,094
Total net position	\$ 4,423,282

## CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

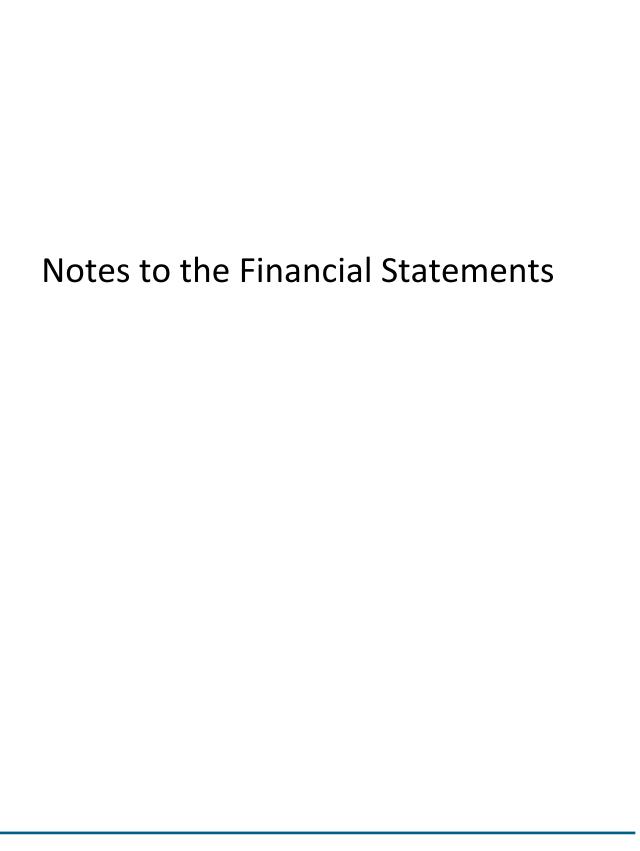
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND

	ENTERPRISE FUND
	WATER & SEWER
OPERATING REVENUES	
Water services and penalties	\$ 423,889
Sewer services	395,857
Garbage services	168,273
Other	2,555
Total operating revenues	990,574
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel services	243,453
Contract labor	182,798
Depreciation	185,818
Equipment and maintenance	149,034
Utilities	93,782
Chemicals and supplies	40,181
Permits and licenses	16,367
Training and education	1,163
Analysis and lab fees	13,370
Other	260
Total operating expenses	926,226
Operating income	64,348
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	46,054
Grant revenue	205,529
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	251,583
Income before operating transfers	315,931
TRANSFERS	
Transfers in	986,182
Total transfers	986,182
Change in net position	1,302,113
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	3,121,169
Net position - end of year	\$ 4,423,282

# CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND

Other cash receipts		WATE	R & SEWER
Other cash receipts	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Other cash receipts	Receipts from customers and users	\$	988,019
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	·		
Payments to employees for services    Ca44,616	·		
Net cash provided by operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Transfers-in from other funds 986,182 Due from other funds 2,03,532 State and federal grant receipts 2,05,522  Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 1,110,855  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition and construction of capital assets (956,274)  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (956,274)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 46,055  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 2,711  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 632,166  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$ 64,346  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense 18,5,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in interpension asset 1,033  Decrease (increase) in operating accounts payable (2,2,00)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,2,00)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (3,2,725)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (3,2,725)  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability (2,766)			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Transfers-in from other funds 986,188 Due from other funds (80,856 State and federal grant receipts 205,529  Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 1,110,859  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition and construction of capital assets (956,274  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (956,274  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Interest income 46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 406,455  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 5632,166  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income 564,346  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 59 Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 59 Decrease (increase) in net pension asset 59 Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 59 Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 61,033 Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows 61,25,250 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 61,25,250 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 71,250 Increase (decrease) in accounts prepaid assets 71,250 Increase (decrease) in accounts prepaid assets 71,250 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 71,250 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 71,250 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 71,250 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 71,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 72,250 Inc	Taymento to employees for services		(2::)010)
Transfers-in from other funds Due from other funds (80,856) State and federal grant receipts 205,525  Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities L1,110,855  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (956,274)  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (956,274)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by Operating activities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in net pension asset Decrease (increase) in net pension asset Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766 Increase (decrease) in DOPEB liability  2,766 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	Net cash provided by operating activities		205,822
Due from other funds State and federal grant receipts 205,528 State and federal grant receipts 205,528  Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (956,274  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 46,055  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in net pension asset Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Inc	CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (956,274)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Interest income  Net cash provided by investing activities  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  \$ 64,346  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts deposits  Increase (decrease) in ustomer deposits  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Transfers-in from other funds		986,182
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (956.274)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income  46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities  46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  (2,500) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  (2,500) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  (2,500) Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  (4,122) Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  (4,122) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  (1,206) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	Due from other funds		(80,856)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (956,274)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Interest income  46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities  46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in net pension assets  Decrease (increase) in the pension assets  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	State and federal grant receipts		205,529
Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Interest income  Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  A6,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  9,250 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  9,250 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,760	Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		1,110,855
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income  46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities  46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  406,457  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accounts in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  9,250 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income 46,054  Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 406,457  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 225,713  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$632,168  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense 185,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (1,488)  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (85,458)  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506)  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725)  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(956,274)
Net cash provided by investing activities  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Decrease (decrease) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(956,274)
Net cash provided by investing activities 46,054  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 406,457  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 225,713  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 632,168  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense 185,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (1,488)  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets (85,458)  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506)  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725)  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Interest income		46,054
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets Decrease (increase) in net pension asset Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Net cash provided by investing activities		46,054
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		406,457
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense \$ 185,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable \$ (1,489  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets \$ 1,033  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset \$ (85,458  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows \$ (21,204  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable \$ (2,506)  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences \$ (4,123)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits \$ 9,250  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability \$ 2,766	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		225,711
Operating income \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense 185,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (1,489)  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset (85,458)  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506)  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725)  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (9,256)  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	632,168
Operating income \$ 64,348  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense 185,818  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (1,489)  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset (85,458)  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506)  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725)  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123)  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (9,256)  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation expense 185,818 Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (1,488 Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets 1,033 Decrease (increase) in net pension asset (85,458 Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,256 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766		\$	64,348
Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable  Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	Depreciation expense		185,818
Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets  Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  1,033  (21,204  (21,204  (25,066  (27,506  (37,725  (37,725  (41,123  (10,123	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in net pension asset  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued interest  Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(1,489)
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows (21,204 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (2,506 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,125 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets		1,033
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued interest Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Decrease (increase) in net pension asset		(85,458)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued interest Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability  2,766	Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows		(21,204)
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest (3,725 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,125 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,506)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (4,123 Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766			(3,725)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 9,250 Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,760	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(4,123)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability 2,766			9,250
	·		2,766
	Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows		61,112
Total adjustments141,474	Total adjustments		141,474
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 205,822	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	205,822



#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **General Statement**

The City of Hawkins, Texas (City) was incorporated in 1941 and operates under the laws of the State of Texas as a Type A General Law Municipality. The City operates under a mayor/council form of government with the mayor and five (5) council members elected at large. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the City are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The financial statements of the City include all funds and other organizations for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of appointment of a voting majority of the respective governing board, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden and financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The Hawkins Community Development Corporation (HCDC) was formed in 1999, and is governed by a seven-member board of directors, which includes the City's council members. The HCDC was established to collect sales tax pursuant to the Development Corporation Act of 1979, Section 4B, with the purpose to promote, assist, and enhance economic development within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities to the residents of the City. The HCDC is funded by revenues generated by a one-half cent sales tax. The HCDC does not issue separate financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity.

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued</u>

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - continued

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or identifiable activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the governmental fund balance sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and proprietary. The City considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. All other expenses are non-operating.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of taxes. Tax revenue and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the interest and sinking property taxes collected for the payment of the City's debt.

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the capital improvement projects of the City.

**Grant Fund** is used to account for monies received from other governmental agencies that have restricted legal requirements.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

**Water and Sewer Fund** is used to account for sale of water and wastewater treatment by the City to businesses and residential customers.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents includes amounts on hand and in demand deposits.

#### Investments

State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Texas obligations, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and mutual funds.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at year-end are referred to as either "Due to/from Other Funds" (i.e., the current portion of the interfund loan) or "Advances to/from Other Funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "Due to/from Other Funds."

Property Taxes Receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is equal to zero (0) percent of delinquent property taxes receivable at September 30, 2022. The City's ad valorem taxes are levied on October 1 but do not become due until January 1 of the following year. Taxes become past due February 1 and become delinquent March 30. The City's taxes become a lien on real property on the due date of January 1. This lien is effective until the taxes are paid.

#### **Prepaid Expenses**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance-continued

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of three (3) years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost where records are available or at an estimated fair market value at the date of acquisition where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide statements regardless of their amount.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Water and sewer system	7 - 40
<b>Building and improvements</b>	10 - 50
Infrastructure	7 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Vehicles	5 - 15

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by the governmental activities), public domain property including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks and similar assets prior to September 30, 2003 were capitalized by the City under the provisions of GASB statement No. 34. Additional capital assets, constructed or acquired each period subsequent to September 30, 2003, are capitalized and reported at historical cost.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance-continued

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Council, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance – amounts the City Council intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Mayor or the City Secretary, through which the City Council has delegated the authority.

*Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the City Council designated the authority to the Mayor and the City Secretary (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance-continued

#### Minimum Fund Balance

The City's goal is to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 16.67% of general fund expenditures. The City is currently in compliance with this policy.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of the debt issued as Other Financing Sources and debt payments as Expenditures.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated vacations are granted to all full-time regular employees of the City. After the completion of a year (1) of employment, vacation is granted for employees. Regular employees earn ten (10) days of vacation their first to fourth year, fifteen (15) days during their fifth to fourteenth year, and after fifteen (15) years of employment, the employee will receive twenty (20) days of vacation. Employees many carry over one hundred twenty (120) hours of vacation leave from one anniversary year (date of hire) to the next and upon termination of employment, any earned and unused vacation in excess of one hundred twenty (120) hours is forfeited and not paid.

Sick leave is accrued at the rate of twelve (12) days per year, one (1) per month. Sick leave accrues from year to year up to a maximum of one hundred twenty (120) days or nine hundred sixty (960) hours. Upon termination of employment, any earned and unused sick leave is not paid.

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance-continued

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Accordingly, items are unavailable revenue, and are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund considers all cash on hand and demand deposits to be cash equivalents.

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Data**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. The City holds a public hearing on the proposed budget prior to its adoption. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget is legally enacted and once approved, can only be amended by approval of a majority of the Council members. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings.

#### **Expenditures in Excess of Budgeted Amounts**

The following is a summary of expenditures in excess of appropriations for the General Fund:

Department	Expenditures Budget		Variance		
General government	\$	328,734	\$ 299,761	\$	(28,973)
Municipal court	\$	42,893	\$ 19,078	\$	(23,815)
Library	\$	127,124	\$ 79,754	\$	(47,370)
Animal shelter	\$	8,664	\$ 5,057	\$	(3,607)

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### **Deposits**

The City's balances were completely covered by federal deposit insurance or collateralized at September 30, 2022. The City's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at fiscal year-end. The categories are described as follows:

- **Category 1** Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.
- **Category 2** Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uncollateralized.

Deposits categorized by level of risk for cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

		Bank	Category					Carrying			
Primary Government		 Balance		1		2		3		Amount	
General fund	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$ 984,273	\$	500,000	\$	484,273	\$	-	\$	984,273	
Debt service fund		202,638		-		202,638		-		202,638	
Capital projects fund		2,050,637		-		2,050,637		-		2,050,637	
Grant fund		-		-		-		-		-	
Proprietary fund		 630,358				139,628		490,730		630,358	
	Total	\$ 3,867,906	\$	500,000	\$	2,877,176	\$	490,730	\$	3,867,906	
Component Unit											
HCDC		 500,462		473,842				26,620		500,462	
	Total	\$ 500,462	\$	473,842	\$		\$	26,620	\$	500,462	

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### **Investments**

The City is required by The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the City did adhere to the requirements of the Act.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The City's certificates of deposit are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the State. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the City's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by the collateral pool. As of September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's and HCDC's certificates of deposit were \$128,315 and \$13,004.

#### **Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ending September 30, 2022.

The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League (TML) Intergovernmental Risk Pool, a public entity risk pool, participating in workers' compensation, general liability, law enforcement liability, errors and omissions liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, real and personal property coverage, and employee health insurance.

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### **Property Tax**

The assessed valuation (net of exemptions) was \$90,694,780 for 2021 (with taxes due January 1, 2022) levied at a rate of \$0.929400 per hundred-dollar valuation.

#### Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's major government fund, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities						Business-Type				Component		
	General	Debt	Service	Ca	apital		Grant	Wat	er & Sewer				Unit
Receivables	Fund	F	und	Proje	cts Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		HCDC
Accounts	\$ 9,659	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,352	\$	117,011	\$	-
Fines	191,236		-		-		-		-		191,236		-
Taxes	183,164		-								183,164		28,782
Gross receivables	384,059		-		-		-		107,352		491,411		28,782
Less: Allowance for uncollectables	 (19,124)								(26,612)		(45,736)		
Total	\$ 364,935	\$		\$		\$		\$	80,740	\$	445,675	\$	28,782

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### **Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of the changes in the capital assets during the fiscal year:

Primary Government	Balance 9/30/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2022
Governmental activities	•			
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 185,891	. \$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,891
Construction in progress	-	13,400	-	13,400
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	725,261	. 23,319	-	748,580
Infrastructure	4,508,896	;	-	4,508,896
Machinery and equipment	278,696	14,506	-	293,202
Vehicles	1,085,427	-	-	1,085,427
Accumulate depreciation	(3,907,165	(186,881)		(4,094,046)
Governmental activities, net	2,877,006	(135,656)		2,741,350
Business-type activities				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Construction in progress	331,067	620,114	(91,855)	859,326
Depreciable assets:				
Water and sewer system	8,579,862	428,017	-	9,007,879
Buildings and improvements	5,530	-	-	5,530
Machinery and equipment	42,874	-	-	42,874
Vehicles	102,126	· -	-	102,126
Accumulate depreciation	(6,119,729	(185,818)		(6,305,547)
Business-type activities, net	2,941,730	862,313	(91,855)	3,712,188
Capital assets, net	\$ 5,818,736	\$ 726,657	\$ (91,855)	\$ 6,453,538

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### **Capital Assets - continued**

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to Functions/Programs as follows:

General government	\$ 5,469
Municipal court	457
Public safety	35,096
Fire and rescue	32,220
Highways and streets	81,928
Library	8,481
Parks and recreation	21,624
Community center	1,606

Total depreciation expense \$ 186,881

#### **Related Parties**

In the ordinary course of business, the City has and expects to continue to have transactions with its employees and elected officials. In the opinion of management, such transactions were on substantially the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time of comparable transactions with other persons and did not involve more than a normal risk of collectability or present any other unfavorable features to the City.

#### **Economic Dependence**

The City's operations are funded by taxes and revenues collected from the residents of the City of Hawkins, Texas. Accordingly, the City is economically dependent on the property values and the local economy of the City and surrounding area.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state and federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### Litigation

On July 27, 2021 a lawsuit styled Jesus Christ Open alter Church, LLC v. the City of Hawkins, Texas, Alvin Flynn, Donna Jordan, Mike Mayberry, Tom Parker, Howard Coquat, Wayne Kirkpatrick, Norman Oglesby, Cody Jorgenson and Stephen Lucas.

The cause of action related to an easement granted to the City of Hawkins, Texas. In earlier litigation with the Plaintiff, the City of Hawkins, Texas prevailed and an easement across Plaintiff's property was affirmed. The City of Hawkins then constructed a roadway across the easement. The Plaintiff claims the City "seized" a sign on the easement, violated the Open Meetings Act, violated the Public Information Act and violated a Transportation Code prevision. The City has thoroughly investigated the claims and causes of action and firmly believe they do not have any merit, either legally or factually. On behalf of the defendants the City has asserted defenses of governmental immunity, official immunity, and legislative immunity. The City, its officials and employees intend to vigorously defend the lawsuit. Based upon current law and the facts known to date, the City anticipates a favorable outcome on all claims and causes of actions. The City does not anticipate a financial loss for this matter.

#### Commitments

Engineering and construction contracts relating to water and sewer construction or major street repairs in progress aggregated approximately \$3,000,000. These contracts will be paid in future periods as work is performed. Payment will be made with proceeds remaining from the 2020 Certificates of Obligation and surplus operating revenues.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Obligations currently outstanding and reported as liabilities of the City are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Yearend Balance
Note Payable - Fire Trucks	3/1/2025	3.00%	\$ 205,322	\$ 65,846
Note Payable - 2018 Ford Explorer	1/1/2022	4.753%	40,934	-
Note Payable - 2020 Dodge Durango	2/18/2023	3.996%	44,894	11,539
Series 2020 Certificate of Obligation	10/1/2040	2.15-4.15%	3,200,000	 3,071,000
			Total	\$ 3,148,385

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### Long-Term Liabilities – continued

Annual debt service requirements for the City's notes payable are as follows:

<b>Year Ending</b>		Governmental Activities								
September 30	Р	rincipal	ı	nterest	Total					
2023	\$	37,364	\$	2,436	\$	39,800				
2024		26,599		1,201		27,800				
2025		13,422		403		13,825				
2026		-		-		-				
2027		-								
Total	\$	77,385	\$	4,040	\$	81,425				

Annual debt service requirements for the City's certificates of obligation are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities									
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total					
2023	\$ 132,000	\$	64,608	\$	196,608					
2024	135,000		61,737		196,737					
2025	138,000		58,803		196,803					
2026	141,000		55,803		196,803					
2027	144,000		52,740		196,740					
2028-2032	768,000		215,387		983,387					
2033-2037	857,000		154,389		1,011,389					
2038-2041	 756,000		63,578		819,578					
Total	\$ 3,071,000	\$	727,045	\$	3,798,045					

The changes in the general long-term debt as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Governmental Activities		 Balance 9/30/2021	 Additions	Reductions		Balance 9/30/2022		 ue Within One Year
Certificates of obligation		\$ 3,200,000	\$ -	\$	(129,000)	\$	3,071,000	\$ 132,000
Notes payable		122,007	-		(44,625)		77,382	37,364
Net OPEB liability		24,271	2,889		-		27,160	-
Compensated absences		8,197	-		(3,381)		4,816	-
Business-Type Activities								
Net OPEB liability		21,138	2,766		-		23,904	-
Compensated absences		17,838	 		(4,123)		13,715	
	Total	\$ 3,393,451	\$ 5,655	\$	(181,129)	\$	3,217,977	\$ 169,364

#### NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, debt service, and subsidies of various City operations. The composition of inter-fund transfers from/to other funds as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Funds			ransfers in	Transfers out			
General fund		\$	-	\$	2,967,033		
Debt service fund			166,906		-		
Capital projects fund			2,050,029		-		
Grant fund			-		236,084		
Proprietary fund			986,182		-		
	Total	\$	3,203,117	\$	3,203,117		

#### **Prior Period Adjustments**

<u>Governmental Activities</u>: In the Government-Wide statements, capital assets were overstated in the amount of \$1,859,648 due to the omission of accumulated depreciation on historical assets prior to the implementation of GASB statement No. 34. Additionally, an adjustment was made to deferred fines and forfeitures as a result of historical collection analysis on outstanding warrants receivable in the amount of \$141,096.

<u>Governmental and Business-type Activities</u>: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommends that state and local governments establish a minimum capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for any individual item. The City's assets were overstated with regard to excessive capitalization in the amounts of \$194,525 for the governmental activities and \$43,712 for the business-type activities.

These restatements had the following effect on previously reported net position:

	 overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Net position, as previously reported	\$ 5,667,571	\$ 3,164,881	\$ 8,832,452
Deferred fines - restatement Capital assets - restatement	141,096 (2,054,173)	- (43,712)	 141,096 (2,097,885)
Beginning net position, as restated	\$ 3,754,494	\$ 3,121,169	\$ 6,875,663

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### **Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan**

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS does not receive any funding from the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at <u>tmrs.com</u>.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the Member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the Member's contributions, with interest, the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring Member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24 or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total Member contributions and interest. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

Plan Year	2021	2020
Employee deposit rate	7%	7%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	0%	100% Repeating
Annuity increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan - continued

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	5
Active employees	<u>11</u>
Total	<u>30</u>

<u>Contributions</u> – Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of the Member's total compensation, and the city matching ratios are either 1:1(1 to 1), 1.5:1 (1 ½ to 1) or 2:1 (2 to 1), both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the 2022 fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 6.56% and 6.53% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$32,912, and were equal to the required contributions.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u> – The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements.

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan - continued

#### Actuarial assumptions – continued:

For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4- year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.00%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.14%
Real Return	10.00%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.75%
Total	100.00%	

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan - continued

#### Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Changes in the net pension liability:

			Incre	ase (Decrease)		
	To	tal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary	N	et Pension
	Liability		Ν	Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	2,174,114	\$	2,485,810	\$	(311,696)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	76,939	\$	-	\$	76,939
Interest		146,759		-		146,759
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(7,918)		-		(7,918)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		33,422		(33,422)
Contributions - employee		-		34,304		(34,304)
Net investment income		-		324,269		(324,269)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(76,747)		(76,747)		-
Administrative expense		-		(1,499)		1,499
Other changes		-	-	10		(10)
Net changes		139,033		313,759		(174,726)
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	2,313,147	\$	2,799,569	\$	(486,422)

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan – continued

#### Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in		Current Rate		1%	Increase in
	Discount Rate		Assumption		n Discount	
	5.75%			6.75%		7.75%
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	(227,590)	\$	(486,422)	\$	(705,907)

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at <u>tmrs.com</u>.

#### Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension income of \$93,578.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Out	ferrea flows of ources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	•	\$	-	\$	68,577
Changes in actuarial assumptions and other inputs			1,844		2,017
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			-		191,765
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	•		68,143		
Tota	al :	\$	69,987	\$	262,359

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

Texas Municipal Retirement System Plan - continued

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – continued

The amount of \$68,143 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Decen	nber 3	31:
2022	\$	(42,344)
2023		(74,415)
2024		(35,241)
2025		(31,293)
2026		-
Thereafter		
Total	\$	(183,293)

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB): Supplemental Death Benefits Fund

<u>Plan Description</u> — The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected by ordinance to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms:

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	<u>11</u>
Total	<u>18</u>

<u>Contributions</u> – The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The SDBF contribution rates for the City were 0.22% and 0.28% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively.

#### Schedule of contributions:

Plan Year	2021	2020
Total SDB Contribution (Rate)	0.22%	0.21%
Retiree Portion of SDB Contribution (Rate)	0.11%	0.04%

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

(OPEB): Supplemental Death Benefits Fund – continued

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

Summary of actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Discount rate*	1.84%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$0.00
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.
*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's	"20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2021.

#### Changes in the OPEB liability:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	45,409	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	2,597	
Interest		929	
Change of benefit terms		-	
Difference between expected and			
actual experience		1,036	
Changes of assumptions		1,632	
Benefit payments		(539)	
Net changes		5,655	
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	51,064	

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

(OPEB): Supplemental Death Benefits Fund – continued

#### Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

	1% C	Decrease in	Curi	rent Rate	1% Increase i		
	Disc	ount Rate	Assumption		n Discount I		
	0.84% 1.84		1.84%	2.84%			
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	62,909	\$	51,064	\$	42,040	

#### OPEB expense:

	OPEB Expense	
Service cost	\$	2,597
Interest		929
Change of benefit terms		-
Employer administrative costs		-
Recognition of deferred		
outflows/inflows of resources:		
Differences between expected		(251)
and actual experience		
Changes of assumptions		2,827
Total OPEB expense	\$	6,102

#### Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inflo	erred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,923	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions and other inputs		4,985		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,315	-	-
Total	\$	8,223	\$	-

**NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued** 

(OPEB): Supplemental Death Benefits Fund – continued

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, by year, to be recognized in future OPEB expense (excluding city-provided contributions made subsequent to the measurement date):

Year ended Decer	nber 31	.:
2022	\$	2,483
2023		2,487
2024		2,193
2025		814
2026		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	7,977

#### **Accounting Standards**

The GASB has issued the following Statement(s) which were implemented during the current fiscal year as shown below:

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 – "Omnibus 2020." The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Accounting Standards - continued

GASB Statement No. 93 – "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The primary objectives of this Statement are to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate ("IBOR"). The requirements of this Statement, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 – "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." The objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. This Statement has various effective dates and will become fully effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 98 – "The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report." This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. All applicable provisions have been included in the City's financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

#### **NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued**

#### Accounting Standards - continued

The GASB has issued the following Statements which will become effective in future years as shown below:

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94 – "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPPs"). The Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96 – "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. The Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 99 – "Omnibus 2022." The objective of this Statement is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

#### NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – continued</u>

#### Accounting Standards - continued

GASB Statement No. 100 – "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62." The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

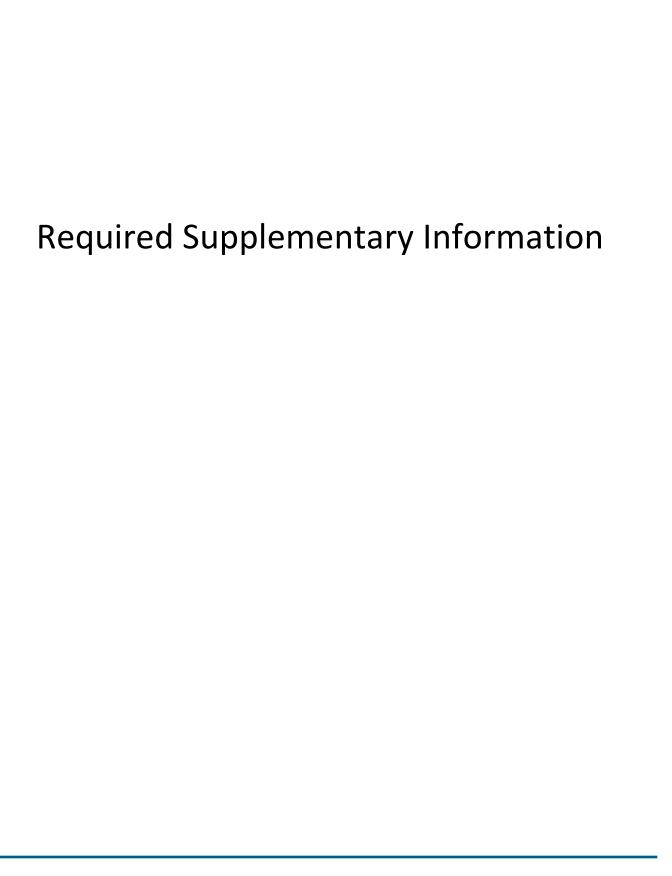
GASB Statement No. 101 – "Compensated Absences." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Management has not yet determined the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

#### OMB Circular A-133 – State of Texas Single Audit Circular

The City did not expend \$750,000 or more in federal or state awards during 2022. As a result, a Single Audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular was not required for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### **Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 21, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were made available to management.



# CITY OF HAWKINS, TEXAS GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET **BUDGET AMOUNTS FAVORABLE** ORIGINAL **FINAL ACTUAL** (UNFAVORABLE) REVENUES Taxes: \$ 188,000 188,000 299,293 111,293 Sales 760,500 770,032 9,532 **Property** 760,500 31,500 31,500 43,541 12,041 Franchise 4,500 1,466 Hotel 4,500 5,966 Fines and forfeitures 60,000 60,000 169,618 109,618 Charges for services 57,513 57,513 60,624 3,111 Facility rental 9,800 9,800 9,585 (215)Licenses and permits 2.500 2.500 4.639 2.139 Interest income 5,000 5,000 2,636 (2,364)Grants and contributions 14,000 14,000 29,180 15,180 Miscellaneous 500 500 8,305 7,805 1,403,419 269,606 Total revenues 1,133,813 1,133,813 **EXPENDITURES** General government 299,761 299,761 328,734 (28,973)Municipal court 19,078 19,078 42,893 (23,815)Public safety 368,493 368,493 319,016 49,477 Fire and rescue 128,198 128.198 102,887 25,311 Highways and streets 109,184 109,184 79,450 29,734 127,124 Library 79,754 79,754 (47,370)Parks and recreation 25,000 25,000 24,113 887 Community center 6,100 6,100 5,881 219 5,057 Animal shelter 5,057 8,664 (3,607)Debt service Capital outlay Total expenditures 1,040,625 1,040,625 1,038,762 1,863 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 93,188 93,188 364,657 271,469 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers to other funds (2,967,033)(2,967,033)Total other financing sources (2,967,033)(2,967,033)Excess (deficiency) of revenues & other sources over expenditures & other (uses) 93,188 93,188 (2,602,376)(2,695,564)\$ 3,759,918 Fund balance - beginning of year 1,157,542 Fund balance - end of year Ś

## TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 YEARS (WILL ULTIMATELY BE DISPLAYED) (UNAUDITED)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest (on the total pension liability) Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and	\$ 76,939 146,759 -	\$ 65,165 139,724 -	\$ 63,141 130,846 -	\$ 65,845 147,419 -	\$ 70,697 140,882 -	\$ 72,805 131,731 -	\$ 62,599 122,572 -	\$ 43,063 113,013 324,288
actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of	(7,918) -	(29,712) -	11,791 (589)	(381,901)	(17,234) -	9,040 -	(2,116) 50,814	(3,731)
employee contributions	 (76,747)	 (76,924)	 (72,445)	 (78,613)	 (111,542)	 (42,370)	 (34,489)	 (16,614)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	139,033 2,174,114	 98,253 2,075,861	132,744 1,943,117	 (247,250) 2,190,367	82,803 2,107,564	 171,206 1,936,358	199,380 1,736,978	 460,019 1,276,959
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,313,147	\$ 2,174,114	\$ 2,075,861	\$ 1,943,117	\$ 2,190,367	\$ 2,107,564	\$ 1,936,358	\$ 1,736,978
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	\$ 33,422 34,304 324,269	\$ 25,169 29,073 177,170	\$ 59,330 28,080 310,740	\$ 64,204 29,451 (61,632)	\$ 67,196 31,421 252,191	\$ 61,737 32,420 111,973	\$ 53,112 29,000 2,372	\$ 15,177 22,485 85,911
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other	 (76,747) (1,499) 10	(76,924) (1,146) (45)	 (72,445) (1,755) (52)	 (78,613) (1,191) (62)	(111,542) (1,306) (67)	 (42,370) (1,264) (68)	 (34,489) (1,445) (144)	 (16,614) (897)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 313,759 2,485,810	 153,297 2,332,513	 323,898 2,008,615	(47,843) 2,056,458	237,893 1,818,565	 162,428 1,656,137	 48,406 1,607,731	 106,062 1,501,669
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,799,569	\$ 2,485,810	\$ 2,332,513	\$ 2,008,615	\$ 2,056,458	\$ 1,818,565	\$ 1,656,137	\$ 1,607,731
Net pension liability - ending [(a) - (b)]	\$ (486,422)	\$ (311,696)	\$ (256,652)	\$ (65,498)	\$ 133,909	\$ 288,999	\$ 280,221	\$ 129,247
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	121.03%	114.34%	112.36%	103.37%	93.89%	86.29%	85.53%	92.56%
Covered employee payroll  Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$ 490,059 (99.26%)	\$ 415,327 (75.05%)	\$ 401,146 (63.98%)	\$ 420,735 (15.57%)	\$ 448,868 29.83%	\$ 463,138 62.40%	\$ 414,288 67.64%	\$ 374,744

## TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS (WILL ULTIMATELY BE DISPLAYED) (UNAUDITED)

	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 32,465	\$ 31,434	\$ 35,700	\$ 57,113	\$	68,938	\$	66,311	\$ 60,041	\$ 42,426
determined contribution	 32,465	 31,434	 35,700	 57,113		68,938		66,311	 60,041	42,426
Contribution deficiency (excess)		 	 -	 	_		_	-	 -	 -
Covered employee payroll	490,059	415,327	401,146	420,735		448,868		463,138	414,288	374,744
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.62%	7.57%	8.90%	13.57%		15.36%		14.32%	14.49%	11.32%

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:										
Notes	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December									
Notes	31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.									
Methods and assumptions used to determ	ine contribution rates:									
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal									
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed									
Remaining amortization period	N/A									
Asset valuation method	10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor									
Inflation	2.5%									
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation									
Investment rate of return	6.75%									
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018.									
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.  Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.									
Other information:	Other information:									
Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year.									

# TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 YEARS (WILL ULTIMATELY BE DISPLAYED) (UNAUDITED)

		2021		2020	2019		2018	 2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	2,597	\$	1,744	\$ 1,284	\$	1,388	\$ 1,302
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		929		967	945		1,060	1,034
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	-		-	-
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		1,036		2,310	1,376		(6,906)	-
Change of assumptions		1,632		6,180	6,007		(1,874)	2,463
Benefit payments		(539)		(166)	(160)		(168)	(180)
	•		•			`		
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,655		11,035	9,452		(6,500)	4,619
Total OPEB liability - beginning		45,409		34,374	24,922		31,422	 26,803
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	51,064	\$	45,409	\$ 34,374	\$	24,922	\$ 31,422
Covered employee payroll	\$	490,059	\$	415,327	\$ 401,149	\$	420,735	\$ 448,868
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of								
covered employee payroll		10.42%		10.93%	8.57%		5.92%	7.00%

### **Compliance and Internal Control**



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Hawkins, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawkins, Texas (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 21, 2023.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2022-001, 2022-002, 2022-003, 2022-004, 2022-005, and 2022-006.

#### City of Hawkins, Texas's Response to Findings

! Adm, CA, hic

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

David K. Godwin, CPA, PLLC

Tyler, Texas August 21, 2023

#### 2022-001 Compliance

#### **Condition:**

The City is not meeting statutory requirements for its website.

#### Criteria:

Texas Government Code and Local Government Code have specific requirements for municipality's that maintain a website.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

The City's key personnel have not had sufficient training to comply with statutory requirements for its website.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

Noncompliance with statutory requirements could lead to fines and penalties under Texas Government Code and Local Government Code.

#### **Recommendation 2022-001**

The City should establish a process to monitor the content and communication of the City's website to ensure compliance with statutory requirements of Texas Government Code and Local Government Code.

Management Respons	se X Agree	Disagree	
<b>Corrective Action Plan</b>	1		
Individual Responsible	Susan Hubbard, Mayor	Estimated Implementation Date	September 30, 2023
Responsible	iviayor	implementation Date	

The City is actively facilitating training of its key personnel and selecting a vendor to help maintain its website in compliance with the statutory requirements of Texas Government Code and Local Government Code.

#### 2022-002 Compliance

#### **Condition:**

The City did not file a Chapter 59 Asset Forfeiture Report.

#### Criteria:

In accordance with Art. 59.06 (g) (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the asset forfeiture reporting form must be certified and sent to the Attorney General no later than the 60th day after the annual reporting period.

#### Cause of Condition:

The City's key personnel have not had sufficient training to comply with Chapter 59 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

Non-reporting can result in liabilities to the State Comptroller and sanctions under the Federal program.

#### **Recommendation 2022-002**

The City should establish a process to monitor its compliance with Chapter 59 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Management Respon	se x	Agree	Disagree	
Corrective Action Plan	n			
Individual Responsible	Guy M Chief of	•	Estimated Implementation Date	April 27, 2023

The City has contacted the Office of the Attorney General to properly file the Chapter 59 asset forfeiture report and will establish internal procedures to ensure timely filing in the future.

#### 2022-003 Compliance

#### Condition:

During inspection of municipal court records, official forms initiated by the court had no court seal and docket files did not include final dispositions, indicating plea acceptance by the judge.

#### Criteria:

Chapter 30 of the Texas Local Government Code, indicates that the municipal clerk shall keep the records of the municipal court and maintain an index of all court judgments. In addition, all papers issued out of the court (except for subpoenas) should bear the municipal court's seal.

Title 1 Chapter 45 of the Texas Statutes for the Code of Criminal Procedures establishes procedures for plea acceptance that come within the criminal jurisdiction of the municipal court.

#### Cause of Condition:

The municipal court clerk has not had sufficient training to comply with statutory requirements governing a Texas Municipal Court.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

Noncompliance with statutory requirements could lead to fines and penalties under Texas Government Codes.

#### **Recommendation 2022-003**

Training should be provided to the municipal court staff to establish consistent record maintenance and compliance with State regulations over the municipal court.

Management Respons	se x Agree	Disagree	
Corrective Action Plar	1		
Individual Responsible	Susan Hubbard, Mayor	Estimated Implementation Date	September 30, 2023

The municipal court is evaluating current processes and procedures, and will begin training with the Texas Municipal Courts Education Center.

#### 2022-004 Compliance

#### **Condition:**

The City did not properly file Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099 for all vendors.

#### Criteria:

Most Form 1099's must be filed with the IRS by January 31 of the following year for each payee to whom has been paid at least \$600.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

The City does not obtain IRS Form W9 from its vendors in the normal course of operations and its key personnel have not had sufficient training to comply with statutory requirements.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

The IRS can impose monetary penalties for each information return the City fails to correctly file on time and each payee statement the City fails to provide to vendors.

#### **Recommendation 2022-004**

IRS Form W9 should be required from all vendors prior to issuing payments to assist with compliance and proper filing of IRS information returns.

Management Respon	se x Agree	Disagree	
Corrective Action Plan	n		
Individual Responsible	Susan Hubbard, Mayor	Estimated Implementation Date	September 30,2023

The City is evaluating current processes and procedures, and will begin training staff and will establish internal procedures to ensure timely filing in the future.

#### 2022-005 Compliance

#### **Condition:**

The Hawkins Community Development Corporation (HCDC) has not filed Form 802.

#### Criteria:

Form 802 (Periodic Report of a Nonprofit Corporation) is due to be filed not more than once every four (4) years with the Office of the Secretary of State.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

The HCDC key personnel have not had sufficient training to comply with statutory requirements.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

Failure to file Form 802 when due will result, after notice from the Office of the Secretary of State, in the involuntary termination of the HCDC as a domestic nonprofit corporation.

#### **Recommendation 2022-005**

The HCDC should file Form 802 with the Office of the Secretary of State and also create a recurring procedure to ensure proper filing once every four (4) years.

Management Response x Agree				Disagree						
Corrective Action Plan										
Individual Responsible	Gregory Bran Board Pre	•	ı	Estimated mplementation Date	April 25, 2023					

The HCDC has filed Form 802 with the Office of the Secretary of State and will establish internal procedures to ensure timely filing in the future.

#### 2022-006 Compliance

#### **Condition:**

The Hawkins Community Development Corporation (HCDC) did not properly file Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099 for all vendors.

#### Criteria:

Most Form 1099's must be filed with the IRS by January 31 of the following year for each payee to whom has been paid at least \$600.

#### Cause of Condition:

The HCDC does not obtain IRS Form W9 from its vendors in the normal course of operations and its key personnel have not had sufficient training to comply with statutory requirements.

#### **Potential Effect of Condition:**

The IRS can impose monetary penalties for each information return the HCDC fails to correctly file on time and each payee statement the HCDC fails to provide to vendors.

#### **Recommendation 2022-006**

IRS Form W9 should be required from all vendors prior to issuing payments to assist with compliance and proper filing of IRS information returns.

<b>Management Response</b>	X Agree	Disagree								
Corrective Action Plan										
<b>Individual</b> G	Gregory Branson, HCDC	Estimated	September 30,2023							
Responsible	Board President	Implementation Date	September 30,2023							

The HCDC is evaluating current processes and procedures, and will begin training staff and will establish internal procedures to ensure timely filing in the future.